

Texas Wesleyan UNIVERSITY

Abstract

In humans and most mammals the amelogenin gene has been found embedded in the first intron of ARHGAP6 - about 40 Kb upstream of a conserved 160 bp exon (human exon 2). Amelogenin is not very conserved between species and is usually found embedded or upstream of ARHGAP6 in humans and other mammals. Recent sequencing of the anole genome allowed for analysis of alternative first exon-promoter regions.

Background

- The amelogenin protein is responsible for amelogenesis.
- ARHGAP6 is a rho GTPase activating protein responsible for actin remodeling and consist of thirteen exons (humans).
- Amelogenin is a gene that has been found nested or embedded inside of the ARHGAP6 gene with reverse transcriptional orientation in humans and other mammals.
- ARHGAP6 in humans has 10 alternative mRNA transcripts, 8 of which include the region containing AMEL.
- ARHGAP6 exon 2 in highly conserved among species, however exon 1 is not!!
- The human gene contains several different exon 1 variants.

Hypothesis

The amelogenin gene is embedded in the ARHGAP6 gene in the Anolis carolinensis genome.

Promoter and TSS Identification Eukaryotic Promoter Database was used to locate promoter regions, and promoter sequences were identified for each. (TATA, CCAAT, GGGCC, ATTGG). Human ARHGAP6 variant transcripts were downloaded from ACEVIEW.



Transcr pt name

aAug10 dAug10

<u>fAug10</u>

bAug10

iAug10

hAug10

<u>cAug10</u> <u>gAug10</u>

Table 1. Alternative transcriptional start sites and associated promoters Human ARHGAP6

The Amelogenin Gene in Anolis carolinensis

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Methods

Sequence Alig

Sequences were aligned **BLAST. Human ARHG** to scaffold and exon 1 alignments were done Transcript alignments v compared to scaffold, e alignments were done

Results

Anole unplaced scaffold GL 343702.1

Figure 1. Anole unplaced scaffold

Exon 2- identified in both transcripts Exon 1a- transcript GAFZ01196792.1

Exon 1b- transcript GAFZ01196793.1

	Alt	ternative	e Trai	nscriptic	onal Sta Human	rt Site ARH(es and a s GAP6	ssociate	ed Pro	moters		
ri	Length (bp)/ mRNA matchin g the genome	Length (aa)/ Best oredicted protein	Exon 1	Location start	Location end	Exon 2	Location start	Location end	Intron 1 size	Intron start	Intron end	Total # of exon S
	Promote	r region		11,684,321	11,683,722							
ı	5,118	974	1,461	11,683,821	11,682,361	160	11,272,827	11,272,668	409,533	11,682,360	11,272,828	13
1	3,632	765	1,461	11,683,821	11,682,361	160	11,272,827	11,272,668	409,533	11,682,360	11,272,828	11
	Promote	r region		11,683,703	11,683,104							
	Promote	r region		11,683,448	11,682,849							
	6,299	658	843	11,683,203	11,682,361	160	11,272,827	11,272,668	409,533	11,682,360	11,272,828	5 14
Promoter region				11,446,393	11,445,794	400	44.070.007	44 070 000	470.040			4.0
I	3,885	794	232	11,445,899		5 160	11,272,827	11,272,668	172,840	11,445,667	11,272,828	13
	Promote	r region	151	11,370,156	11,369,557	160	11 070 007	11 070 660	06 679	11 260 505	11 070 000	10
	1,795 Dromoto	407	151	11,309,030		160	11,272,027	11,272,000	90,070	11,309,505	11,272,020	
	2 267	601	96	11,309,090	11 308 503	160	11 272 827	11 272 668	35 675	11 308 502	11 272 828	11
	2,207	001	30	11 284 624	11 284 025		11,272,027	11,272,000	55,075	11,300,302	11,272,020	
	Promote	Promoter region		11 284 595 11 283 996		Ove	Overlapping sequence					
	3,995	771	338	3 11,284,143	11,283,806	5 160	11,272,827	11,272,668	10,978	11,283,805	11,272,828	13
	2,104	604	134	11,284,123	11,283,990	160	11,272,827	11,272,668	11,162	11,283,989	11,272,828	5 14
Promoter region				11,200,694	11,200,095							

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nments
ed using INCBI
SAP6 variants
and exon 2
in blastn.
were
exon 1 and 2
in megablast.

Mapping & Charting Alignments for exon by exon comparisons were charted for analysis.



Discussion

- Currently in the annotated genome, the region containing ARHGAP6 appears to be divided between ch 3 and the unplaced scaffold which contains amelogenin.
- ARHGAP6 has several identified promoters
- **BLAST comparisons: Promoter regions** to transcripts higher similarities in the conserved exon 2 vs exon 1.
- Based on alignments and comparative analysis amelogenin is embedded in the first intron of the ARHGAP6 gene in the Anolis carolinensis.
- The unplaced scaffold GL 343702.1 should be annotated on ch 3.

Future Directions

- Align all human exons with transcripts.
- Correspond with The Broad Institute to get unplaced scaffold GL 343702.1 annotated.
- Further analysis of transcripts that were identified but don't contain exon 2.

References

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NCBI Database: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/395 Ensembl database: http://www.ensembl.org/index.html EPD: http://epd.vital-it.ch/promoter_elements.php Aceview: www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/IEB/Research/Acembly/

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